

Hebrews Study Questions

2021 Bible Bowl

Chapter 1

1. According to Hebrews 1:1, who, at various times and in various ways, spoke in time past to the fathers by the prophets?
 - A. Moses
 - B. David
 - C. Paul
 - D. God
2. According to Hebrews 1:1, by whom did God speak to the fathers in time past?
 - A. The patriarchs
 - B. The prophets
 - C. The priests
 - D. Angels
3. According to Hebrews 1:2, whom has God appointed heir of all things?
 - A. His followers
 - B. The apostles
 - C. His Son
 - D. The children of God
4. According to Hebrews 1:2, what did God make through His Son?
 - A. A promise to Abraham
 - B. The worlds
 - C. The heavens
 - D. A covenant with Moses
5. According to Hebrews 1:3, God's Son is the brightness of God's what?
 - A. Image
 - B. Power
 - C. Mercy
 - D. Glory
6. According to Hebrews 1:3, God's Son is the express image of God's what?
 - A. Person
 - B. Face
 - C. Spirit
 - D. Love

7. According to Hebrews 1:3, what had God's Son by Himself purged?
- A. Man's wickedness
 - B. Death
 - C. Our sins
 - D. The old covenant
8. According to Hebrews 1:3, where did the Son sit down with the Majesty on high?
- A. At His right hand
 - B. At His left hand
 - C. In front of Him
 - D. Behind Him
9. According to Hebrews 1:4, how did the Son obtain a more excellent name than the angels?
- A. By inheritance
 - B. By earning it
 - C. By God's will
 - D. By asking for it
10. According to Hebrews 1:4, having become so much better than the angels, what had the Son by inheritance obtained?
- A. The heavens
 - B. The earth
 - C. A more excellent name
 - D. God's blessing
11. According to Hebrews 1:4, what/who has the Son become so much better than?
- A. The prophets
 - B. The angels
 - C. The kings of the earth
 - D. Creation
12. According to Hebrews 1:5, what has God never said to any of the angels?
- A. Worship the Son
 - B. Minister to those who will inherit salvation
 - C. Be filled with the Spirit
 - D. You are My Son
13. According to Hebrews 1:6, what are the angels to do when He again brings the firstborn into the world?
- A. Worship Him
 - B. Follow Him

C. Obey Him

D. Minister to Him

14. According to Hebrews 1:6, when were the angels of God to worship the Son?

A. At His command

B. When He again brings the firstborn into the world

C. At the sounding of the trumpet

D. In the last days

15. According to Hebrews 1:7, what does God make His angels?

A. Clothed in white

B. Spirits

C. Weapons of war

D. Invisible

16. According to Hebrews 1:7, what does God make His ministers?

A. A mighty wind

B. A roaring flood

C. A sword of bronze

D. A flame of fire

17. According to Hebrews 1:8, speaking to the Son, what does God say is forever and ever?

A. The heavens

B. The world

C. His throne

D. His patience

18. According to Hebrews 1:8, how long is God's throne to last?

A. Forever and ever

B. Until the second coming

C. For one thousand years

D. Until the end of the earth

19. According to Hebrews 1:8, a scepter of righteousness is the scepter of what?

A. His love

B. His might

C. His kingdom

D. His power

20. According to Hebrews 1:9, God told the Son that He has hated lawlessness and loved what?

A. His disciples

B. Righteousness

C. All men

D. The church

21. According to Hebrews 1:9, what did God use to anoint the Son?
- A. Oil of righteousness
 - B. Oil of faithfulness
 - C. Oil of hope
 - D. Oil of gladness
22. According to Hebrews 1:9, who has anointed the Son?
- A. God
 - B. The prophets
 - C. The disciples
 - D. The priests
23. According to Hebrews 1:10, in the beginning, the Lord laid the foundation of what?
- A. The church
 - B. The earth
 - C. The tabernacle
 - D. Salvation
24. According to Hebrews 1:10-11, the Lord will remain. What will happen to the heavens and the earth?
- A. They will remain
 - B. They will perish
 - C. They will be made new
 - D. They will be eternal
25. According to Hebrews 1:11, the Lord will remain, and the heavens and the earth will all grow old like what?
- A. Wine
 - B. A man
 - C. A garment
 - D. A tree
26. According to Hebrews 1:12, the Lord will fold up the heavens and the earth like a what?
- A. A scroll
 - B. A tent
 - C. A mat
 - D. A cloak
27. According to Hebrews 1:12, what did God say regarding the Lord's years?
- A. They will be short

- B. They will be eternal
- C. They will not fail
- D. They will never change

28. According to Hebrews 1:13, the author implies that God never told any of his angels to sit where?

- A. At His right hand
- B. At His feet
- C. Behind Him
- D. On their own throne

29. According to Hebrews 1:13, God will make the Lord's enemies what?

- A. Repent
- B. His slaves
- C. His footstool
- D. Suffer

30. According to Hebrews 1:14, what does the author of Hebrews say that the angels are?

- A. Fellow servants
- B. Ministering spirits
- C. Prophets
- D. Diligent workers

31. According to Hebrews 1:14, angels are sent forth to minister to those who will do what?

- A. Good works
- B. Repent
- C. Follow Jesus
- D. Inherit salvation

Chapter 2

1. According to Hebrews 2:1, what did the author of Hebrews say that they must give to the things they had heard?

- A. Full devotion
- B. More earnest heed
- C. Proper respect
- D. Their very being

2. According to Hebrews 2:1, why did the author of Hebrews say that they must give the more earnest heed to the things they had heard?

- A. Lest they perish
- B. Lest they stumble
- C. Lest they drift away

D. Lest they lose hope

3. According to Hebrews 2:2, the word spoken through angels proved what?

- A. Steadfast
- B. Truthful
- C. Powerful
- D. Helpful

4. According to Hebrews 2:3, the author implies that the Hebrew brethren would not do what if they neglected so great a salvation, which at the first began to be spoken by the Lord?

- A. Live
- B. Escape
- C. Have peace
- D. Prosper

5. According to Hebrews 2:4, God bore witness with which of the following?

- A. Signs and wonders
- B. Various miracles
- C. Gifts of the Holy Spirit
- D. All of the above

6. According to Hebrews 2:5, what has God not put in subjection to angels?

- A. The world gone by
- B. The kings of old
- C. The Levitical priesthood
- D. The world to come

7. According to Hebrews 2:6-7, who was made a little lower than the angels?

- A. The son of man
- B. The apostle Paul
- C. The apostle Peter
- D. The prophets

8. According to Hebrews 2:6-7, with what has God crowned the son of man?

- A. A perishable crown
- B. Glory and honor
- C. A crown of righteousness
- D. Truth and honor

9. According to Hebrews 2:8, what has God put in subjection under the son of man's feet?

- A. Birds of the air
- B. Beasts of the field
- C. Man
- D. All things

10. According to Hebrews 2:9, why was Jesus made a little lower than the angels?

- A. For the suffering of death
- B. For the suffering of humility
- C. For the suffering of persecution
- D. For the suffering of mankind

11. According to Hebrews 2:9, for whom did Jesus taste death?

- A. His chosen people
- B. Those who believed in Him
- C. Everyone
- D. The Gentiles

12. According to Hebrews 2:10, speaking of the many sons brought to glory, through what was the captain of their salvation to be made perfect?

- A. Birth
- B. Sufferings
- C. Faithfulness
- D. Election

13. According to Hebrews 2:11, since He who sanctifies and those who are being sanctified are all of one, what is He not ashamed to call them?

- A. His sons
- B. His people
- C. Brethren
- D. Christians

14. According to Hebrews 2:12, where does the quotation from Psalms indicate that the Lord will sing praise to God?

- A. In the courtyard of the temple
- B. In the midst of the assembly
- C. At the gates of heaven
- D. On the mountaintop

15. According to Hebrews 2:12, what does the quotation from Psalms indicate that the Lord will declare to His brethren?

- A. The word of truth
- B. God's name
- C. God's faith
- D. God's love

16. According to Hebrews 2:13, the quotation from 2 Samuel and Isaiah indicates that the Lord will put His trust in what?

- A. Righteousness
- B. The Spirit
- C. The heavenly realms
- D. God

17. According to Hebrews 2:14, how might He (Christ) destroy him who had the power of death?

- A. Through perseverance
- B. Through death
- C. Through holiness
- D. Through virtue

18. According to Hebrews 2:14, who had the power of death?

- A. Deceitful men
- B. Wicked men
- C. The devil
- D. The kings of the earth

19. According to Hebrews 2:15, to what were those who through fear of death all their lifetime subject?

- A. Sufferings
- B. Bondage
- C. Governing authorities
- D. Wickedness

20. According to Hebrews 2:16, to whom does the Lord not give aid?

- A. Angels
- B. Unbelievers
- C. Demons
- D. Adversaries

21. According to Hebrews 2:16, to whom does the Lord give aid?

- A. Prophets
- B. Believers
- C. Children
- D. The seed of Abraham

22. According to Hebrews 2:17, in all things the Lord had to be made like what?

- A. His brethren
- B. Melchizedek
- C. The high priest
- D. The poor in spirit

23. According to Hebrews 2:17, He had to be made like His brethren that He might be what kind of High Priest?

- A. Loving and kind
- B. Merciful and faithful
- C. Righteous and just
- D. Strong and mighty

24. According to Hebrews 2:17, as a High Priest, Christ was to make propitiation for what?

- A. The Gentiles
- B. The Church
- C. The Pharisees
- D. The sins of the people

25. According to Hebrews 2:18, because He Himself has suffered, being tempted, what is He able to do for those who are tempted?

- A. Forgive them
- B. Bless them
- C. Aid them
- D. Pray for them

Chapter 3

1. According to Hebrews 3:1, whom does the author refer to as "partakers of the heavenly calling?"

- A. Holy brethren
- B. The Israelites
- C. Angels
- D. Gentiles

2. According to Hebrews 3:1 who was referred to as the Apostle and High Priest of the holy brethren's confession?

- A. Paul
- B. Aaron
- C. Christ Jesus
- D. Eleazar

3. According to Hebrews 3:2, in what was Moses also faithful?

- A. His leadership of the Israelites
- B. All His house
- C. Following God
- D. All things

4. According to Hebrews 3:3, this One (Christ Jesus) has been counted worthy of more glory than whom?

- A. Moses
- B. Melchizedek
- C. Joshua
- D. The high priest

5. According to Hebrews 3:4, what did God build?

- A. The temple
- B. Every house
- C. All nations
- D. All things

6. According to Hebrews 3:5, Moses indeed was faithful in all God's house as what?

- A. A servant
- B. The head of the household
- C. High priest
- D. Leader of the Israelites

7. According to Hebrews 3:6, what is Christ a Son over?

- A. All the earth
- B. His own house
- C. His kingdom
- D. His inheritance

8. According to Hebrews 3:7-8, the quotation from Psalms warns them not to do what as in the rebellion?

- A. Turn to idols
- B. Stray from God
- C. Harden their hearts
- D. Follow other kings

9. According to Hebrews 3:8, where was the rebellion in the day of trial?

- A. The wilderness
- B. The mountains
- C. Death of Jesus
- D. The Promised Land

10. According to Hebrews 3:9, who tested God and tried God in the wilderness?

- A. The prophets
- B. The Hebrew fathers
- C. Moses and Aaron
- D. Pharaoh

11. According to Hebrews 3:9, how long did the Hebrew's fathers see God's works?
- A. 40 years
 - B. 40 days
 - C. 7 years
 - D. All their lives
12. According to Hebrews 3:8-10, what had that generation in the rebellion not known?
- A. Freedom
 - B. Righteousness
 - C. God's ways
 - D. Idol worship
13. According to Hebrews 3:8-11, what had God sworn that generation in the rebellion would not enter?
- A. His rest
 - B. The Promised Land
 - C. Jerusalem
 - D. Heaven
14. According to Hebrews 3:12, what were the brethren warned against?
- A. Rebelling against God
 - B. Having an evil heart of unbelief
 - C. Having hard hearts
 - D. Going astray in their hearts
15. According to Hebrews 3:12, the brethren were warned against departing from what?
- A. The law of Moses
 - B. The land of Egypt
 - C. The living God
 - D. His rest
16. According to Hebrews 3:13, how often were brethren to exhort one another?
- A. Daily
 - B. As they saw the day approaching
 - C. When they entered God's rest
 - D. When they entered the house of worship
17. According to Hebrews 3:13, the brethren were to exhort one another lest any of them be hardened through what?
- A. Unbelief
 - B. The deceitfulness of sin
 - C. Rejecting the gospel

D. Testing God

18. According to Hebrews 3:14, what had the brethren become if they held the beginning of their confidence steadfast to the end?

- A. Believers
- B. The people of God
- C. Those who entered God's rest
- D. Partakers of Christ

19. According to Hebrews 3:14, the brethren had become partakers of Christ if they held the beginning of their confidence steadfast how long?

- A. To the end
- B. Until they entered God's rest
- C. Today
- D. Forever

20. According to Hebrews 3:15, the brethren were not to harden their hearts if they would hear what?

- A. The voice of Moses
- B. The call of Joshua
- C. The word of God
- D. His voice

21. According to Hebrews 3:15, the quotation from Psalms indicates that the brethren were not to harden their hearts as what?

- A. In the wilderness
- B. When they could not enter His rest
- C. In the rebellion
- D. God swore out His wrath on them

22. According to Hebrews 3:16, who, having heard, rebelled?

- A. All who came out of Egypt
- B. All who sinned
- C. All mankind
- D. Those who sinned

23. According to Hebrews 3:17, how long was God angry with those who sinned?

- A. Until Moses led them into the land
- B. Until the gospel was preached to them
- C. Forty years
- D. Until the generation passed

24. According to Hebrews 3:17, whose corpses fell in the wilderness?

- A. Those who went astray in their hearts
- B. Those who sinned
- C. Those who did not believe

D. Those who lost hope

25. According to Hebrews 3:18, what did God swear to those who did not obey?

- A. That they would not enter His rest
- B. That they would be destroyed
- C. That He would reject them forever
- D. That they would be cursed

26. According to Hebrews 3:18, to whom did God swear that they would not enter His rest?

- A. Those whose hearts were hard
- B. Those filled with wickedness
- C. That whole generation
- D. Those who did not obey

27. According to Hebrews 3:19, why could those who did not obey not enter God's rest?

- A. Because their hearts were hard
- B. Because of sin
- C. Because they feared
- D. Because of unbelief

Chapter 4

1. According to Hebrews 4:1, what does the author say remains with regard to God's rest?

- A. A hope of entering
- B. A possibility of entering
- C. A promise of entering
- D. An expectation of entering

2. According to Hebrews 4:1, the author says that they were to fear lest what?

- A. They come short of entering His rest
- B. Fall into temptation
- C. Become hard hearted
- D. They go astray

3. According to Hebrews 4:2, the word, which those who fell in the wilderness heard, did not do what?

- A. Comfort them
- B. Profit them
- C. Give them confidence
- D. Convince them

4. According to Hebrews 4:2, what did those who heard the word lack?

- A. Faith
- B. Joy
- C. Hope
- D. Love

5. According to Hebrews 4:3, who does enter God's rest?

- A. Those who are obedient
- B. Those who are steadfast to the end
- C. Partakers in Christ
- D. Those who have believed

6. According to Hebrews 4:3, when were the works finished?

- A. When the children of Israel entered His rest
- B. From the foundation of the world
- C. When the generation passed
- D. When Jesus entered the Most Holy Place

7. According to Hebrews 4:4, what did God rest from on the seventh day?

- A. Creating the Earth
- B. His anger
- C. All His works
- D. Speaking His word

8. According to Hebrews 4:3 & 5, what did God swear in His wrath?

- A. They shall not enter My rest
- B. You are a priest forever after the order of Melchizedek
- C. They shall enter My rest
- D. I will make a new covenant with the house of Israel

9. According to Hebrews 4:6, why didn't those to whom it was first preached enter His rest?

- A. Because of a lack of faith
- B. Because of hard hearts
- C. Because of disobedience
- D. Because of rebellion

10. According to Hebrews 4:7, what does the quotation from Psalm 95 suggest that the brethren should do today, if they would hear His voice?

- A. Become a partaker of Christ
- B. Do not harden their hearts
- C. Test God and prove that He is good

D. Put their trust in Him

11. According to Hebrews 4:7, in whom did God designate a certain day?

- A. David
- B. Moses
- C. The Son
- D. The Holy Spirit

12. According to Hebrews 4:8, God would not afterward have spoken of another day if who had given them rest?

- A. God
- B. David
- C. Moses
- D. Joshua

13. According to Hebrews 4:8, if Joshua had given them rest, then God would not afterward have spoken of what?

- A. Another day of rest
- B. Ceasing from His works
- C. Being angry with that generation
- D. Sympathizing with our weaknesses

14. According to Hebrews 4:9, there remains a rest for whom?

- A. No one
- B. The children of Israel
- C. The people of God
- D. Those who came out of Egypt

15. According to Hebrews 4:10, he who has entered God's rest has himself what?

- A. Became partakers of Christ
- B. Ceased from his works
- C. Received His word
- D. Heard His voice

16. According to Hebrews 4:11, the author says that they should be what to enter that rest?

- A. Faithful
- B. Hopeful
- C. Filled with love
- D. Diligent

17. According to Hebrews 4:11, the author says that they should be diligent to enter that rest, lest anyone fall according to the same example of what?

- A. Hard heartedness

- B. Disobedience
- C. Going astray
- D. Weakness

18. In Hebrews 4:12, how is the word of God described?

- A. Living and powerful
- B. Compassionate and bold
- C. Gracious and merciful
- D. Perfect and eternal

19. According to Hebrews 4:12, the word of God is capable of dividing what?

- A. All things
- B. Those who enter His rest from those who do not
- C. Temptation and weakness
- D. Soul and spirit

20. According to Hebrews 4:12, what is the word of God a discerner of?

- A. Those who will enter His rest
- B. The partakers of Christ
- C. The thoughts and intents of the heart
- D. Our confession

21. According to Hebrews 4:13, from what is no creature hidden?

- A. Eternal destiny
- B. The wrath of God
- C. The love of God
- D. God's sight

22. According to Hebrews 4:13, what does the author say that they must give to Him to whom all things are naked and open to His eyes?

- A. Account
- B. Devotion
- C. Obedience
- D. Praise

23. According to Hebrews 4:14, whom does the author say that the brethren had who has passed through the heavens?

- A. A great Leader
- B. A great High Priest
- C. A great Prophet
- D. A Brother

24. According to Hebrews 4:14, since the brethren had a great High Priest who has passed through the heavens, what were they to do?

- A. Resist temptation

- B. Not to fall into disobedience
- C. Hold fast their confession
- D. Come boldly to the throne of grace

25. According to Hebrews 4:15, with what can their High Priest sympathize?

- A. Our sin
- B. Our ignorance
- C. Our need
- D. Our weaknesses

26. According to Hebrews 4:15, how was their High Priest tempted?

- A. In all points as we are
- B. By Satan in the wilderness
- C. To the point of death
- D. On our behalf

27. According to Hebrews 4:16, where were they to come boldly?

- A. Into His rest
- B. To the throne of grace
- C. To our great High Priest
- D. To a place of honor

28. According to Hebrews 4:16, the author says that they may obtain mercy and find grace to help when?

- A. When we hold fast our confession
- B. When we offer up prayers
- C. In time of need
- D. In time of trouble

Chapter 5

1. According to Hebrews 5:1, who, taken from among men, is appointed for men in things pertaining to God?

- A. Jesus the Son of God
- B. The apostles
- C. Men of great faith
- D. Every high priest

2. According to Hebrews 5:1, what does every high priest appointed for men in things pertaining to God offer?

- A. Gifts and sacrifices for sins
- B. A life of righteousness
- C. Honor and prayers
- D. Cries and tears

3. According to Hebrews 5:2, who can a high priest have compassion on?
- A. Those who are faithful and obedient
 - B. Those who have weaknesses and temptations
 - C. Those who are ignorant and going astray
 - D. Those who are diligent and bold
4. According to Hebrews 5:2, why can a high priest have compassion on those who are ignorant and going astray?
- A. Because he is also subject to sin
 - B. Because he is also subject to temptation
 - C. Because he is also subject to weakness
 - D. Because he is also subject to suffering
5. According to Hebrews 5:3, a high priest is required to offer sacrifices for whom?
- A. Himself only
 - B. Himself and the people
 - C. Partakers in Christ
 - D. The weak
6. According to Hebrews 5:3, for what does a high priest offer sacrifices?
- A. For weaknesses
 - B. For rebellion
 - C. For hard hearts
 - D. For sins
7. According to Hebrews 5:4, being high priest is considered what?
- A. An honor
 - B. A blessing
 - C. A duty
 - D. A service
8. According to Hebrews 5:4, who was called by God to be high priest?
- A. Moses
 - B. David
 - C. Aaron
 - D. Joshua
9. According to Hebrews 5:5, just like Aaron, Christ did not do what to become High Priest?
- A. Have compassion on the weak

- B. Glorify Himself
- C. Offer sacrifices
- D. Give praise to God

10. According to Hebrews 5:6, how long is Christ said to be priest?

- A. Today
- B. Until we obtain mercy and find grace
- C. Until He offered Himself for our sins
- D. Forever

11. According to Hebrews 5:6, Christ's priesthood is according to whose order?

- A. Melchizedek
- B. Judah
- C. Levi
- D. Aaron

12. According to Hebrews 5:7, Christ offered up prayers and supplications to God in the days of His what?

- A. Heart
- B. Hands
- C. Flesh
- D. Blood

13. According to Hebrews 5:7, Christ offered up prayers and supplications with vehement cries and tears to Him who was able to do what?

- A. Keep Him from suffering
- B. Save Him from death
- C. Glorify Him
- D. Make Him a High Priest

14. According to Hebrews 5:7, why was the prayer of Christ heard by God?

- A. Because He was obedient
- B. Because of His faith
- C. Because He ministered to the saints
- D. Because of His godly fear

15. According to Hebrews 5:8, what did Christ learn by the things which He suffered?

- A. Diligence
- B. Compassion
- C. Patience
- D. Obedience

16. According to Hebrews 5:8, how did Christ learn obedience?

- A. Through prayer
- B. By the things which He suffered
- C. Through His work and labor
- D. By His diligence

17. According to Hebrews 5:9, Christ became the author of eternal salvation after what?

- A. Having been perfected
- B. The fullness of time
- C. Having been tested
- D. Having been blessed

18. According to Hebrews 5:9, of what is Christ the author?

- A. The good word of God
- B. A ministry of the saints
- C. Eternal salvation
- D. The foundation of repentance

19. According to Hebrews 5:10, who called Christ as High Priest?

- A. Melchizedek
- B. The Holy Spirit
- C. Abraham
- D. God

20. According to Hebrews 5:11, why was teaching about Christ described as "hard to explain"?

- A. They had become dull of hearing
- B. Their hearts had gone astray
- C. Their faith had become weak
- D. They had become unskilled

21. According to Hebrews 5:12, what had the author expected of the brethren by the time of the writing of this letter?

- A. They ought to repent
- B. They ought to be teachers
- C. They ought to be confident
- D. They ought to have hope

22. According to Hebrews 5:12, although the brethren ought to have been teachers, what did they need to be taught again?

- A. The foundation of repentance from dead works
- B. The doctrine of baptism
- C. That God is just
- D. The first principles of the oracles of God

23. According to Hebrews 5:12, what did the brethren need instead of solid food?
- A. Perfection
 - B. Milk
 - C. Faith
 - D. Diligence
24. According to Hebrews 5:13, how is one described who partakes only of milk?
- A. Unskilled in the word of righteousness
 - B. A teacher only in first principles
 - C. Dull of hearing
 - D. Unable to discern good from evil
25. According to Hebrews 5:13, what does the author call one who partakes only of milk?
- A. Weak in faith
 - B. Fallen away
 - C. A babe
 - D. In need of mercy
26. According to Hebrews 5:14, solid food belongs to whom?
- A. Those who are perfect
 - B. Those who are of full age
 - C. Those who are skilled
 - D. Those who are ready to go on to perfection
27. According to Hebrews 5:14, how were they to discern good and evil?
- A. By building up their faith
 - B. By enlightening through the Holy Spirit
 - C. By faith and patience
 - D. By exercising their senses

Chapter 6

1. According to Hebrews 6:1, the writer wanted to leave the discussion of the elementary principles of Christ to go on to what?
- A. Righteousness
 - B. Perfection
 - C. Enlightenment
 - D. Peace
2. According to Hebrews 6:1, which of the following are listed as foundation principles?
- A. Repentance and faith
 - B. Obedience and faith

- C. Faith and patience
- D. Promises and blessings

3. According to Hebrews 6:2, which of the following is not listed as a foundation principle?

- A. The doctrine of baptisms
- B. The resurrection of the dead
- C. The laying on of hands
- D. The priesthood of Melchizedek

4. According to Hebrews 6:2, what foundation principle is described as "eternal"?

- A. Salvation
- B. Judgment
- C. Promise
- D. Righteousness

5. According to Hebrews 6:3, under what condition would the brethren leave the elementary principles of Christ and go on to perfection?

- A. If we repent
- B. If we imitate those who inherit the promises
- C. If we obey Him
- D. If God permits

6. According to Hebrews 6:4-6, it is impossible for those who have done what to be renewed again to repentance if they fall away?

- A. Tasted the heavenly gift
- B. Learned to discern good and evil
- C. Shown diligence
- D. Obtained the promise

7. According to Hebrews 6:4, the enlightened are also said to be partakers of whom?

- A. Christ
- B. The Holy Spirit
- C. Abraham
- D. Themselves

8. According to Hebrews 6:5, the enlightened are also said to have tasted what?

- A. The promises of God
- B. The confirmation of God
- C. The good word of God

D. The salvation of God

9. According to Hebrews 6:5, what powers are the enlightened said to have tasted?

- A. The powers of the age to come
- B. The powers of the Earth
- C. The powers of salvation
- D. The powers of faith toward God

10. According to Hebrews 6:6, what renewal is impossible for those who fall away?

- A. Of enlightenment
- B. Of faith
- C. Of hope
- D. To repentance

11. According to Hebrews 6:6, what is said to happen again for those who fall away?

- A. They need to be taught the first principles
- B. They crucify the Son of God
- C. They have to learn obedience
- D. They are in danger of falling short

12. According to Hebrews 6:6, what do those who fall away do to Christ?

- A. Put Him to an open shame
- B. Cause Him to suffer
- C. Cause Him to grieve
- D. Test His patience

13. According to Hebrews 6:7, what kind of earth receives blessing from God?

- A. Earth which bears much fruit
- B. Earth that is dry and scorched
- C. Earth which provides a firm foundation
- D. Earth which bears useful herbs

14. According to Hebrews 6:8, what kind of earth is rejected?

- A. Earth that is unfruitful
- B. Earth which bears thorns and briers
- C. Earth that is infertile
- D. Earth that is sinking sand

15. According to Hebrews 6:8, earth that bears thorns and briers is near to being what?

- A. Cultivated
- B. Forsaken
- C. Cursed
- D. Ruined

16. According to Hebrews 6:8, what is the end of earth that is rejected and near to being cursed?

- A. To be burned
- B. To be abandoned
- C. To be transformed
- D. To endure the wrath of God

17. According to Hebrews 6:9, of what things is the author confident?

- A. Their obedience to the things they were taught
- B. Better things that accompany salvation
- C. The hope of Jesus' return
- D. Blessings received from God

18. According to Hebrews 6:10, what is God not unjust to forget?

- A. Your work and labor of love
- B. Your penitent heart
- C. Your mercy toward the poor
- D. Your good deeds

19. According to Hebrews 6:10, to whom do the hearers minister?

- A. The poor
- B. The sick
- C. The saints
- D. The lost

20. According to Hebrews 6:11, to what should the hearers show the same diligence?

- A. The full assurance of faith
- B. The things that accompany salvation
- C. The full assurance of hope
- D. The things of the Father

21. According to Hebrews 6:11, how long should the hearers show the same diligence to the full assurance of hope?

- A. Until Jesus returns
- B. Until they die
- C. Until the end
- D. Until they are rewarded

22. According to Hebrews 6:12, the writer warns the hearers not to become what?

- A. Sluggish
- B. Haughty
- C. Skeptical

D. Forgetful

23. According to Hebrews 6:12, what qualities do those who inherit the promise have?

- A. Honesty and friendliness
- B. Peace and joy
- C. Faith and patience
- D. Joy and a meek spirit

24. According to Hebrews 6:13, God swore by whom or what when He made the promise to Abraham?

- A. Himself
- B. His mighty angels
- C. The heavenly bodies
- D. Nothing

25. Hebrews 6:13-14 repeats the promise made by God to whom?

- A. Levi
- B. Abraham
- C. Melchizedek
- D. Moses

26. According to Hebrews 6:15, how did Abraham endure?

- A. Patiently
- B. Faithfully
- C. Righteously
- D. Joyfully

27. According to Hebrews 6:15, what did Abraham obtain after he endured?

- A. Eternal life
- B. Many descendants
- C. The promise
- D. The land

28. According to Hebrews 6:16, what for them is an oath for confirmation?

- A. A pledge
- B. A legal term
- C. An immutable agreement
- D. An end of all dispute

29. According to Hebrews 6:16, what do men swear by?

- A. The greater
- B. God's promises
- C. The Holy Scriptures
- D. Heaven and earth

30. What term is used to describe God's counsel in Hebrews 6:17?

- A. Immutability
- B. Dependability
- C. Powerful
- D. Wavering

31. According to Hebrews 6:17, to whom does God show the immutability of His counsel?

- A. The saints
- B. The heirs of promise
- C. The descendants of Esau
- D. The faithful disciples

32. According to Hebrews 6:18, what is it impossible for God to do?

- A. To sin
- B. To lie
- C. To change
- D. To fail

33. According to Hebrews 6:18, where is the hope that we lay hold of?

- A. Behind us
- B. Before us
- C. Above us
- D. Beside us

34. According to Hebrews 6:19, this hope that we have is described as what?

- A. An anchor of the soul
- B. A comfort to our soul
- C. A refuge for our soul
- D. A strength to our soul

35. According to Hebrews 6:19, this hope that we have is described as what?

- A. Peaceful and calming
- B. Great and wonderful
- C. Sure and steadfast
- D. Guaranteed and sufficient

36. According to Hebrews 6:20, who was a forerunner?

- A. Elijah
- B. Melchizedek
- C. Jesus

D. John the Baptist

37. According to Hebrews 6:20, Jesus is the High Priest according to the order of whom?

- A. Levi
- B. Abraham
- C. Melchizedek
- D. Aaron

Chapter 7

1. According to Hebrews 7:1, who met Melchizedek after the slaughter of the kings?

- A. Moses
- B. Isaac
- C. Abraham
- D. Joshua

2. According to Hebrews 7:1, who was Melchizedek?

- A. High Priest of Israel
- B. Priest of the Most High God
- C. A Descendent of Aaron
- D. None of the above

3. According to Hebrews 7:2, how much did Abraham give to Melchizedek?

- A. A tenth part of all
- B. Half of all
- C. A quarter of all
- D. All that he had

4. According to Hebrews 7:2, which of the following describes Melchizedek?

- A. King of righteousness
- B. King of Salem
- C. King of peace
- D. All of the above

5. According to Hebrews 7:3, Melchizedek was without what?

- A. Without father
- B. Without mother
- C. Without genealogy
- D. All of the above

6. According to Hebrews 7:3, how long did Melchizedek remain a priest?

- A. For fifty years
- B. Continually

- C. Until his death
- D. Until his son was old enough to take over

7. According to Hebrews 7:3, who was Melchizedek compared to?

- A. Aaron
- B. Abraham
- C. King David
- D. The Son of God

8. According to Hebrews 7:4, who gave Melchizedek a tenth of the spoils?

- A. Moses
- B. Levi
- C. Abraham
- D. Judah

9. According to Hebrews 7:5, what is the commandment given to the sons of Levi?

- A. To receive tithes from the people
- B. To make sacrifices for the sins of the people
- C. To teach the Law to Israel
- D. To serve as priests forever

10. According to Hebrews 7:5, from whose loins were these priests descended?

- A. Levi
- B. Aaron
- C. Abraham
- D. Esau

11. Hebrews 7:5 states that the sons of Levi receive what?

- A. The blessings
- B. The promises
- C. The sacrifices
- D. The priesthood

12. According to Hebrews 7:6, who received the tithes from Abraham?

- A. He whose genealogy is not derived from them
- B. He who has no genealogy
- C. He who made a promise to Abraham
- D. He who was in the order of Aaron

13. According to Hebrews 7:7, which of the following is true?

- A. The lesser is blessed by the lesser

- B. The lesser is blessed by the better
- C. The better is blessed by the lesser
- D. The better is blessed by the better

14. According to Hebrews 7:8, what type of men receive tithes?

- A. Honorable
- B. Mortal
- C. Priestly
- D. Godly

15. According to Hebrews 7:9, who received tithes?

- A. Abraham
- B. Moses
- C. Aaron
- D. Levi

16. According to Hebrews 7:9, Levi paid tithes through whom?

- A. Jesus
- B. Abraham
- C. Aaron
- D. Melchizedek

17. According to Hebrews 7:10, where was Levi when Melchizedek met him?

- A. Traveling from Salem
- B. In the tent of Abraham
- C. Outside the gates of the city
- D. In the loins of his father

18. According to Hebrews 7:10, who did Levi meet while still in the loins of his father?

- A. Moses
- B. Aaron
- C. Melchizedek
- D. Judah

19. According to Hebrews 7:11, there would have been no need for another priest according to the order of Melchizedek if what were achieved through the Levitical priesthood?

- A. Perfection
- B. Forgiveness
- C. Holiness

D. Godliness

20. According to Hebrews 7:11, what did the people receive under the Levitical priesthood?

- A. The land
- B. The promise
- C. The law
- D. The hope

21. According to Hebrew 7:12, when there is a change in the priesthood, what else must change?

- A. The law
- B. The sacrifices
- C. The worship
- D. The tabernacle

22. According to Hebrews 7:13, the one of whom these things are spoken belonged to what?

- A. The Lord
- B. The tribe of Levi
- C. Another tribe
- D. The priesthood

23. According to Hebrews 7:13, at what has no man from another tribe officiated?

- A. At the tabernacle
- B. At the sacrifices
- C. At the altar
- D. At the priestly ordination

24. According to Hebrews 7:14, our Lord arose from what tribe?

- A. Judah
- B. Levi
- C. Benjamin
- D. Joseph

25. According to Hebrews 7:14, Moses spoke nothing of the tribe of Judah concerning what?

- A. The sacrifices
- B. The genealogy
- C. The priesthood
- D. The law

26. According to Hebrews 7:15, in whose likeness would it be far more evident for a priest to arise?
- A. Levi
 - B. Aaron
 - C. Judah
 - D. Melchizedek
27. According to Hebrews 7:15-16, there arises another priest not according to what?
- A. The Levitical tribe
 - B. The law of a fleshly commandment
 - C. The order of Melchizedek
 - D. The lineage of Aaron
28. According to Hebrews 7:15-16, there arises another priest according to what?
- A. The power of an endless life
 - B. The law of a fleshly commandment
 - C. The order of Judah
 - D. The Levitical tribe
29. According to Hebrews 7:17, how long will He be a priest?
- A. Until He dies
 - B. Until Jesus returns
 - C. Until the priesthood changes
 - D. Forever
30. According to Hebrews 7:17, He will be a priest according to the order of which of the following?
- A. Levi
 - B. Abraham
 - C. Aaron
 - D. Melchizedek
31. According to Hebrews 7:18, what is annulled?
- A. The priesthood
 - B. The former commandment
 - C. The Levitical tribe
 - D. The sacrifices
32. According to Hebrews 7:18, why was the former commandment annulled?
- A. Weakness and imperfection
 - B. Unprofitableness and unrighteousness
 - C. Weakness and unprofitableness
 - D. Imperfection and unrighteousness

33. According to Hebrews 7:19, what is true of the law?
A. The law made nothing perfect
B. The law could not make people holy
C. The law was ineffective
D. The law is still in effect
34. According to Hebrews 7:19, what is brought in through which we draw near to God?
A. A better law
B. A better priesthood
C. A better hope
D. A better sacrifice
35. According to Hebrews 7:20, He was not made priest without what?
A. The shedding of blood
B. God's approval
C. A sacrifice
D. An oath
36. According to Hebrews 7:21, the Lord has sworn and will not what?
A. Condemn
B. Relent
C. Delay
D. Hold back
37. According to Hebrews 7:21, how long will He be a priest according to the order of Melchizedek?
A. Until He comes again
B. Forever
C. Until the saints are taken up in glory
D. Until everything is made new
38. According to Hebrews 7:22, Jesus has become a surety of what?
A. A better covenant
B. A newer covenant
C. A perfect covenant
D. A holy covenant
39. According to Hebrews 7:23, what prevented the many priests who were before Jesus from continuing?
A. Weakness
B. Sin

- C. Death
- D. Doubt

40. According to Hebrews 7:24, because Jesus continues forever, His priesthood is what?

- A. Unchangeable
- B. Perfect
- C. Righteous
- D. Holy

41. According to Hebrews 7:25, what is Jesus able to do to those who come to God through Him?

- A. Teach the way to salvation
- B. Lead them to righteousness
- C. Have compassion on them
- D. Save to the uttermost

42. According to Hebrews 7:25, Jesus always lives to do what for those who come to God through Him?

- A. Provide blessings
- B. Provide forgiveness
- C. Make intercession
- D. Offer sacrifices

43. According to Hebrews 7:26, a High Priest such as Jesus is described as?

- A. Holy and harmless
- B. undefiled
- C. Separate from sinners
- D. All of the above

44. According to Hebrews 7:26, a High Priest such as Jesus is higher than what?

- A. The angel
- B. Any earthly priest
- C. The heavens
- D. Any earthly king

45. According to Hebrews 7:27, what does Jesus not need to do daily, as other high priests had to do?

- A. Make intercession
- B. Save to the uttermost
- C. Take a new oath
- D. Offer up sacrifices

46. According to Hebrews 7:27, what did Jesus do once for all the people's sins?

- A. Offered up Himself
- B. Interceded with the Father

- C. Made a new covenant
- D. Sent the Holy Spirit

47. According to Hebrews 7:28, who did the law appoint as high priests?

- A. Men who are faithful
- B. Men who are mortal
- C. Men who have weakness
- D. Men who have strength

48. According to Hebrews 7:28, who did the word of the oath appoint as a High Priest?

- A. The man who is perfect until death
- B. The man who was descended from Levi
- C. The Son who has been perfected forever
- D. The Son who is in the likeness of the Father

Chapter 8

1. According to Hebrews 8:1, where is Jesus now seated as High Priest?

- A. On the mercy seat in the shadow of the cherubim
- B. At the right hand of the throne of the Majesty in the heavens
- C. In the tabernacle
- D. In the sanctuary which the Lord had commanded to be built

2. According to Hebrews 8:2, what did the Lord erect?

- A. The true tabernacle
- B. The throne
- C. The holy place
- D. The heavens

3. According to Hebrews 8:3, what is a high priest appointed to do?

- A. Take His seat on the throne in the tabernacle
- B. Be a minister of the first covenant
- C. Copy the shadow of the heavenly things
- D. Offer both gifts and sacrifices

4. According to Hebrews 8:4, why would Jesus NOT be a priest if He were on earth?

- A. Because there are priests who offer the gifts according to the law
- B. Because man is a little lower than the angels
- C. Because the temple has been destroyed
- D. Because there cannot be two high priests at the same time

5. According to Hebrews 8:5, how was Moses to make the tabernacle?

- A. According to the government

- B. According to the pattern shown on the mountain
- C. According to the law
- D. According to the copy and shadow of Heavenly things

6. According to Hebrews 8:6, in what way did Jesus obtain a more excellent ministry?

- A. Because earthly priests must offer earthly sacrifices
- B. Because earthly priests failed to fulfill their promises
- C. Because it was established on better promises
- D. Because He is a priest of the house of Judah

7. According to Hebrews 8:7, why was a second covenant sought?

- A. Because the first was abolished
- B. Because the first was not faultless
- C. Because the first was for only the Jews
- D. Because the first did not forgive sins

8. According to Hebrews 8:8, with which houses will the Lord make a new covenant?

- A. Melchizedek and Levi
- B. Benjamin and Joshua
- C. Israel and Judah
- D. Israel and Egypt

9. According to Hebrews 8:9, why did the Lord make a new covenant?

- A. Because the Lord had no desire for burnt offerings and sacrifices
- B. Because Israel did not continue in His covenant
- C. Because the Israelites were no longer in Egypt
- D. Because those He made the covenant with had died in the wilderness

10. According to Hebrews 8:10, where will the Lord put his new covenant?

- A. In their brother's minds and written on tablets of stone
- B. In their minds and written on their hearts
- C. In their synagogues and written in their scriptures
- D. In their priest and written on a scroll

11. According to Hebrews 8:11, why shall the Lord's people no longer teach their neighbor and brother?

- A. Because the least shall teach the greatest
- B. Because the greatest shall teach the least
- C. Because they will all know the Lord
- D. Because of their sins and lawless deeds

12. According to Hebrews 8:12, what will the Lord remember no more?

- A. The least or greatest of them
- B. The old covenant
- C. Their sins and lawless deeds
- D. The house of Israel

13. According to Hebrews 8:13, what happened when He said, "A new covenant"?
- A. He made the first covenant obsolete
 - B. All covenants between God and man have vanished away
 - C. He called the first covenant a mistake
 - D. There is another covenant coming in the last days that is yet to be revealed

Chapter 9

1. According to Hebrews 9:1, which of the following things did even the first covenant have?

- A. Sacrifices and a high priest
- B. Divine retribution for those who neglected so great a salvation
- C. The involvement of both men and angels
- D. Ordinances of divine service and the earthly sanctuary

2. According to Hebrews 9:2, which items were in the sanctuary?

- A. The lamp stand, golden pot, and Aaron's rod
- B. The golden pot, Aaron's rod, and tablets of the covenant
- C. The lamp stand, tablets of the covenant, and the table
- D. The lamp stand, table, and show bread

3. According to Hebrews 9:3, how is the area behind the second veil described?

- A. The Lord's own abode
- B. The throne room of God
- C. The Holiest of All
- D. That place which must not be spoken of

4. According to Hebrews 9:4, which items were in the Holiest of All?

- A. The Ark of the Covenant
- B. The golden pot and golden censer
- C. Aaron's Rod and tablets of the covenant
- D. All of the above

5. According to Hebrews 9:5, what overshadowed the mercy seat?

- A. Cherubim of glory
- B. The glory of the Lord
- C. The blood of the sacrifice
- D. The tent of the sanctuary

6. According to Hebrews 9:6, who went into the first part of the tabernacle, performing the services?
- A. The Levites
 - B. The priests
 - C. Only the high priest
 - D. No one
7. According to Hebrews 9:7, what did the high priest offer once a year for himself and the people's sins?
- A. Blood
 - B. A lamb
 - C. A bull
 - D. A grain offering
8. According to Hebrews 9:7, how many times a year did the high priest enter the second part of the tabernacle?
- A. 12
 - B. 7
 - C. 1
 - D. 3
9. According to Hebrews 9:8, who indicated that the way into the Holiest of All was not yet made manifest while the first tabernacle was still standing?
- A. God
 - B. The Holy Spirit
 - C. Jesus
 - D. The High Priest
10. According to Hebrews 9:9, gifts and sacrifices offered cannot do what?
- A. Forgive the sins of the Israelites
 - B. Make him who performed the service perfect in regard to conscience
 - C. Appease the wrath of a Holy God
 - D. Satisfy the demands of the Law
11. According to Hebrews 9:10, what acts were imposed until the time of reformation?
- A. Keeping the Sabbath
 - B. Sacrifices offered by the common people on the high places
 - C. Things such as foods and drinks, various washings, and fleshly ordinances
 - D. Aaron's offspring performing the services of the tabernacle
12. According to Hebrews 9:11, Christ came as what?
- A. Savior
 - B. Teacher
 - C. Builder

D. High Priest

13. According to Hebrews 9:12, how did Christ enter the Most Holy Place?

- A. With the blood of goats
- B. With the blood of calves
- C. With the blood of both goats and calves
- D. By His own blood

14. According to Hebrews 9:13, what sanctifies for the purifying of the flesh?

- A. The blood of a lamb
- B. Various washings
- C. The intervention of Moses
- D. The blood of bulls and goats and the ashes of a heifer

15. According to Hebrews 9:14-15, how did Jesus become the Mediator of the new covenant?

- A. By purifying the flesh
- B. By serving the living God
- C. By offering Himself without spot to God
- D. By entering the most Holy Place

16. According to Hebrews 9:15, what will those who are called receive?

- A. Access to the priesthood
- B. Access to the Most Holy Place
- C. The promise of the eternal inheritance
- D. The promise of an earthly inheritance

17. According to Hebrews 9:16, what is necessary with a testament?

- A. A signature of two or more witnesses
- B. A legal seal on the document
- C. A death of the testator
- D. A proof of authenticity

18. According to Hebrews 9:17, when is a testament in force?

- A. While a man is alive
- B. After men are dead
- C. Only as long as a man offers sacrifices for sins
- D. When it is authenticated by two or more witnesses

19. According to Hebrews 9:18, with what was the first covenant dedicated?

- A. Blood
- B. The tablets of the covenant
- C. Sacrifices of goats and calves

D. Various fleshly ordinances

20. According to Hebrews 9:19, what did Moses sprinkle with the blood of calves and goats, with water, scarlet wool, and hyssop?

- A. The book
- B. The priests
- C. All the people
- D. The book and all the people

21. According to Hebrews 9:19-20, who said, "This is the blood of the covenant which God has commanded you"?

- A. The Holy Spirit
- B. The High Priest
- C. Moses
- D. God

22. According to Hebrews 9:21, what did Moses sprinkle next with the blood?

- A. Only Aaron's rod that budded
- B. Only the tablets of the covenant
- C. Aaron's rod that budded and the tablets of the covenant
- D. The tabernacle and all the vessels of the ministry

23. According to Hebrews 9:22, what is required for remission?

- A. Calves and goats
- B. Hyssops and scarlet wool
- C. Sacrifices
- D. The shedding of Blood

24. According to Hebrews 9:23, what had to be purified with better sacrifices?

- A. The heavenly things
- B. The priesthood
- C. The Holiest of All
- D. The Ark of the Covenant

25. According to Hebrews 9:24 what places did Christ NOT enter?

- A. Holy places made with hands
- B. Tabernacle court
- C. Heaven itself
- D. The presence of God

26. According to Hebrews 9:24, where is Christ now?

- A. In the presence of God
- B. In holy places made with hands

- C. In holy places purified by the blood of calves and goats
- D. Offering Himself as a continual sacrifice year by year

27. According to Hebrews 9:25, how often did the high priest of the first covenant enter the Most Holy Place?

- A. Never
- B. Whenever sacrifices were offered
- C. Every Sabbath
- D. Once a year

28. According to Hebrews 9:26, how did Christ put away sin?

- A. By being sinless
- B. By the sacrifice of Himself
- C. By appearing in the presence of God
- D. By being our high priest

29. According to Hebrews 9:27, what comes after death?

- A. Heaven
- B. Judgment
- C. Salvation
- D. Inheritance

30. According to Hebrews 9:28, who will appear a second time?

- A. Paul
- B. Abraham
- C. Jesus
- D. Elijah

Chapter 10

1. In Hebrews 10:1, how is "the law" described?

- A. Able to bring man to God
- B. Having a shadow of the good things to come
- C. Weakened by the flesh
- D. Given by angels

2. According to Hebrews 10:1, what could the law and its continual sacrifices never do?

- A. Cleanse the conscience
- B. Make those who approach perfect
- C. Make one holy
- D. Condemn sinners

3. According to Hebrews 10:2, who would have had no more consciousness of sin?
- A. The worshipers, once purified
 - B. Those who offered sacrifices continually year after year
 - C. The righteous man
 - D. The man weakened by the flesh
4. According to Hebrews 10:3, in the sacrifices, what is there a reminder of every year?
- A. Man's weakness
 - B. God's holiness
 - C. Sins
 - D. A need for a better sacrifice
5. According to Hebrews 10:4, what was the blood of bulls and goats unable to do?
- A. Cleanse man's conscience
 - B. Appease God's wrath
 - C. Take away sins
 - D. Cause man to sin
6. According to Hebrews 10:5, He who came into the world said that God did NOT desire what?
- A. Man's perfection
 - B. The blood of bulls and goats
 - C. Purified worshipers
 - D. Sacrifice and offering
7. According to Hebrews 10:5, what was prepared for the one who came into the world?
- A. A body
 - B. A home
 - C. A family
 - D. A sacrifice
8. According to Hebrews 10:6, there was no pleasure in what?
- A. Righteous living
 - B. Burnt offerings and sacrifices for sin
 - C. Wealth
 - D. Sinful desires
9. According to Hebrews 10:7, He who came into the world came to do what?
- A. Offer His body as a sacrifice for sin

- B. Bring man closer to God
- C. Die on the cross
- D. God's will

10. According to Hebrews 10:8, which of the following were offered according to the law?

- A. Sacrifice and offering
- B. Burnt offerings
- C. Offerings for sin
- D. All of the above

11. According to Hebrews 10:9, why does He take away the first?

- A. Because of man's sin
- B. So He can draw man closer to God
- C. That He may establish the second
- D. Because it was abolished through the cross

12. According to Hebrews 10:10, what has been offered to sanctify us once for all?

- A. The body of Jesus Christ
- B. Continual sacrifices
- C. The blood of bulls and goats
- D. Holy water

13. According to Hebrews 10:11, who "stands ministering daily and offering repeatedly the same sacrifices"?

- A. Only the high priest
- B. The descendants of Aaron
- C. The Levites
- D. Every priest

14. According to Hebrews 10:12, what did "this Man" (Jesus) do after He had offered one sacrifice for sins forever'?

- A. Returned to His earthly father
- B. Sat down at the right hand of God
- C. Made purification for sins
- D. He entered the Holy Place

15. According to Hebrews 10:13, how long will Jesus sit at the right hand of God?

- A. Forever
- B. Forty days
- C. Until His enemies are made His footstool
- D. Until He returns

16. According to Hebrews 10:14, what did Jesus accomplish with "one offering"?

- A. He fulfilled the Old Covenant

- B. All things
- C. Perfected forever those who are being sanctified
- D. Destroyed the veil of separation between man and God

17. According to Hebrews 10:15, who also witnesses to us?

- A. The Father
- B. Jesus Christ
- C. The Holy Spirit
- D. All of the above

18. According to Hebrews 10:16-17, which of the following is NOT part of the covenant the Lord promised to make with His people?

- A. I will put My laws into their hearts
- B. In their minds I will write My laws
- C. Their sins and their lawless deeds I will remember forever
- D. None of the above

19. According to Hebrews 10:17-18, under what condition is an offering for sin no longer expected?

- A. When the blood of bulls and goats had been poured out
- B. With continual sacrifices year after year
- C. Where there is remission of sins and lawless deeds
- D. When there is no repentance

20. According to Hebrews 10:19, what gives us boldness to enter the Holiest?

- A. The blood of Jesus
- B. The forgiveness of sins
- C. A pure heart
- D. A sanctified life

21. According to Hebrews 10:20, what did He consecrate for us?

- A. A new and living way
- B. The law
- C. Our hearts and minds
- D. A new covenant

22. In Hebrews 10:20, what is referred to as "the veil"?

- A. The law
- B. His flesh
- C. His blood
- D. Our hearts

23. According to Hebrews 10:21, who do we have over the house of God?

- A. A friend

- B. A High Priest
- C. The Holy Spirit
- D. Abraham

24. According to Hebrews 10:22, under what condition should we draw near?

- A. With a true heart in full assurance of faith
- B. Having our hearts sprinkled from an evil conscience
- C. Having our bodies washed with pure water
- D. All of the above

25. According to Hebrews 10:23, what are we to hold fast without wavering?

- A. The law of the Lord
- B. The hope of heaven
- C. The anchor of our salvation
- D. The confession of our hope

26. According to Hebrews 10:23, who is faithful?

- A. He who promised
- B. Those who offer sacrifices of obedience
- C. The one who went through the veil
- D. The one who doesn't keep promises

27. According to Hebrews 10:24, how do we stir up love and good works?

- A. Hold fast the confession of our hope
- B. Consider one another
- C. Draw near with a true heart
- D. All of the above

28. According to Hebrews 10:25, what are we not to forsake as is the manner of some?

- A. The assembling of ourselves together
- B. The daily ministering
- C. The Day that is approaching
- D. The law of the new covenant

29. According to Hebrews 10:26, what no longer remains when we sin willfully after receiving the knowledge of the truth?

- A. A sacrifice for sins
- B. A certain fearful expectation of judgment
- C. Fiery indignation
- D. Hope of heaven

30. According to Hebrews 10:26-27, what can we expect if we sin willfully after we have received the knowledge of the truth?

- A. There no longer remains a sacrifice for sins
- B. A certain fearful expectation of judgment
- C. Fiery indignation
- D. All of the above

31. In Hebrews 10:27, for one who sins willfully, there is a certain fearful expectation of judgment, and fiery indignation which will do what?

- A. Consume the sacrifice for sins
- B. Execute judgment upon the fearful
- C. Devour the adversaries
- D. Trample the Son of God underfoot

32. According to Hebrews 10:28, what happens to anyone who has rejected Moses' law?

- A. They have a certain fearful expectation of judgment
- B. They receive fiery indignation
- C. They die without mercy
- D. They are cut off from the people

33. According to Hebrews 10:28, when someone died after rejecting Moses' law, it was on the testimony of how many witnesses?

- A. Only two witnesses
- B. Only three witnesses
- C. Two or three witnesses
- D. A great cloud of witnesses

34. According to Hebrews 10:28-29, what will bring a person much worse punishment than rejecting the law of Moses?

- A. Trampling the Son of God underfoot
- B. Counting the blood of the covenant by which he was sanctified a common thing
- C. Insulting the Spirit of grace
- D. All of the above

35. According to Hebrews 10:30, who said, "Vengeance is Mine, I will repay"?

- A. The High Priest
- B. The Holy Spirit
- C. The Lord
- D. Paul

36. According to Hebrews 10:31, what is a fearful thing?

- A. Fiery indignation
- B. Forsaking the assembling of ourselves together
- C. Rejecting Moses' law
- D. To fall into the hands of the living God

37. According to Hebrews 10:32, what happened to the Hebrew brethren in the former days after they were illuminated?

- A. They were devoured by the adversaries
- B. They died without mercy
- C. They endured a great struggle with sufferings
- D. They were made joyful in the Lord

38. According to Hebrews 10:33, how were the Hebrew brethren made a spectacle?

- A. By a new and living way
- B. By reproaches and tribulations
- C. In the plundering of their goods
- D. In drawing back to perdition

39. According to Hebrews 10:34, the Hebrew brethren had compassion on the author when he was what?

- A. In need
- B. Hungry
- C. In chains
- D. Sick

40. According to Hebrews 10:34, the Hebrew brethren had compassion on the author and joyfully accepted what?

- A. The occasion to sacrifice
- B. The plundering of their goods
- C. A better and enduring possession
- D. The Lord's mercy

41. In Hebrews 10:34, how is the Hebrew brethren's possession in heaven described?

- A. Holy and eternal
- B. Perfect and abundant
- C. Better and enduring
- D. Glorious

42. According to Hebrews 10:35, what did the author tell the Hebrew brethren not to cast away because it has great reward?

- A. Their confession of hope
- B. Their confidence
- C. Their endurance
- D. Their perdition

43. According to Hebrews 10:36, what did the Hebrew brethren have need of so that after they had done the will of God, they would receive the promise?
- A. Righteousness
 - B. Boldness
 - C. Good works
 - D. Endurance
44. According to Hebrews 10:37, how long will it be before He who is coming will come?
- A. No time at all
 - B. After a great struggle with sufferings
 - C. A little while
 - D. A thousand years
45. According to Hebrews 10:38, what shall the just live by?
- A. Hope
 - B. Love
 - C. Faith
 - D. All of the above
46. In Hebrews 10:38, of whom is it said, "My soul has no pleasure in him"?
- A. Anyone who draws back
 - B. Anyone who wavers
 - C. Anyone who is lukewarm
 - D. Anyone who goes astray
47. According to Hebrews 10:39, the author and the Hebrew brethren are not of those who draw back to what?
- A. Unbelief
 - B. Lawless deeds
 - C. Perdition
 - D. Hopelessness
48. According to Hebrews 10:39, the author and the Hebrew brethren are of those who believe to what?
- A. The fullness of time
 - B. Good works
 - C. The saving of the soul
 - D. Righteousness

Chapter 11

1. According to Hebrews 11:1, what two words are used to define faith?
- A. Substance, Evidence
 - B. Love, Hope

- C. Knowing, Believing
- D. Sustain, Emulate

2. According to Hebrews 11:1, faith is the substance of what?

- A. Things not seen
- B. Things planned for
- C. Things hoped for
- D. Things prayed for

3. According to Hebrews 11:1, faith is the evidence of what?

- A. Things not spoken
- B. Things not seen
- C. Things not heard
- D. Things hoped for

4. According to Hebrews 11:2, by faith who obtained a good testimony?

- A. Servants
- B. Deacons
- C. Ministers
- D. Elders

5. According to Hebrews 11:3, what were framed by the word of God?

- A. The heavens
- B. The oceans
- C. The worlds
- D. The firmament

6. According to Hebrews 11:3, the things which are seen were not made of what?

- A. Things which are invisible
- B. Things which are visible
- C. Things which are spiritual
- D. Things which are physical

7. According to Hebrews 11:4, by faith Abel offered what over Cain?

- A. A more excellent sacrifice
- B. A more perfect sacrifice
- C. A more complete sacrifice
- D. A more suitable sacrifice

8. According to Hebrews 11:4, though being dead, Abel still does what through his sacrifice?

- A. Testifies
- B. Speaks
- C. Prophesies

D. Lives

9. According to Hebrews 11:5, who was taken away so that he did not see death?

- A. Seth
- B. Methuselah
- C. Jared
- D. Enoch

10. According to Hebrews 11:6, he who comes to God must believe that He is, and that He is what?

- A. A redeemer to those who believe
- B. A restorer of the faith
- C. A rewarder of those who diligently seek him
- D. A reliever of pain and suffering

11. According to Hebrews 11:7, how was Noah made aware of things not yet seen?

- A. He was divinely warned
- B. Through a dream
- C. Through a vision
- D. By an angel

12. According to Hebrews 11:7, for what purpose did Noah prepare an ark?

- A. For the saving of his household
- B. For the saving of his livestock
- C. For the saving of the world
- D. For the saving of the chosen

13. According to Hebrews 11:7, what did Noah become heir of which is according to faith?

- A. Salvation
- B. Righteousness
- C. The earth
- D. Heaven

14. According to Hebrews 11:8, Abraham was called to go out to what place?

- A. The place his fathers inhabited
- B. The place that he knew well
- C. The place which he would receive as an inheritance
- D. The place of fertile land

15. According to Hebrews 11:9, in the land of promise Abraham dwelled in tents with whom?

- A. Sarah and Lot
- B. Ishmael and Hagar

- C. Jacob and Esau
- D. Isaac and Jacob

16. According to Hebrews 11:9, Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob are referred to as what of the same promise?

- A. Brothers
- B. Heirs
- C. Sons
- D. Fathers

17. According to Hebrews 11:10, Abraham waited for the city which has what?

- A. Foundations
- B. Inhabitants
- C. Dwellers
- D. Fortresses

18. According to Hebrews 11:11, by faith Sarah herself also received what to conceive seed?

- A. Help
- B. Encouragement
- C. Strength
- D. A blessing

19. According to Hebrews 11:11, how did Sarah judge God who had promised?

- A. Righteous
- B. Merciful
- C. Patient
- D. Faithful

20. According to Hebrews 11:12, from one man, and him as good as dead, were born as many as what?

- A. The stars of the sky
- B. The fish in the sea
- C. The grass in the fields
- D. The hairs on his head

21. According to Hebrews 11:13, those who died in faith had not received the what?

- A. Miracles
- B. Blessings
- C. Rewards
- D. Promises

22. According to Hebrews 11:13, those who died in faith confessed that they were what on the earth?

- A. Wayfarers and sojourners
- B. Friends and companions
- C. Strangers and pilgrims
- D. Travelers and gypsies

23. According to Hebrews 11:14, those who died in faith declare plainly that they seek what?

- A. A dwelling
- B. A homeland
- C. A resting place
- D. A city

24. According to Hebrews 11:16, what do those who died in faith desire?

- A. A heavenly country
- B. A heavenly dwelling
- C. A heavenly rest
- D. A heavenly city

25. According to Hebrews 11:16, what has God prepared for those who died in faith?

- A. A mansion
- B. A dwelling
- C. A city
- D. A temple

26. According to Hebrews 11:17, what did Abraham offer up by faith when he was tested?

- A. The firstfruits of the land
- B. His only begotten son
- C. A ram
- D. An altar to God

27. According to Hebrews 11:18, what would be called in Isaac?

- A. Abraham's name
- B. Abraham's faith
- C. Abraham's seed
- D. Abraham's righteousness

28. According to Hebrews 11:19, when Abraham offered up Isaac, what had he concluded that God was able to do?

- A. Provide another sacrifice
- B. Give him another son
- C. Protect him from harm
- D. Raise him up

29. According to Hebrews 11:20, who blessed and who was blessed concerning things to come?
- A. Isaac blessed Jacob and Esau
 - B. Joseph blessed Benjamin and Judah
 - C. Moses blessed Joshua and Caleb
 - D. Abraham blessed Isaac and Ishmael
30. According to Hebrews 11:21, by faith Jacob, when he was dying, blessed each of the sons of whom?
- A. Benjamin
 - B. Judah
 - C. Joseph
 - D. Reuben
31. According to Hebrews 11:21, Jacob worshiped, leaning on the top of what?
- A. His staff
 - B. A pillar
 - C. A stone
 - D. An altar
32. According to Hebrews 11:22, by faith Joseph, when he was dying, gave instructions concerning what?
- A. His inheritance
 - B. His family
 - C. His bones
 - D. His children
33. According to Hebrews 11:23, how long was Moses hidden by his parents?
- A. One year
 - B. Three months
 - C. Six months
 - D. One month
34. According to Hebrews 11:23, why did Moses' parents hide him?
- A. He was called by God
 - B. He was a male
 - C. He was hungry
 - D. He was a beautiful child
35. According to Hebrews 11:23, when they hid Moses, what were his parents not afraid of?
- A. The king's command
 - B. The king's wrath
 - C. The king's judgment
 - D. The king's punishment

36. According to Hebrews 11:24, by faith Moses, when he became of age, refused to be called the son of whom?
- A. Pharaoh
 - B. Pharaoh's daughter
 - C. Pharaoh's son
 - D. An Egyptian
37. According to Hebrews 11:25, Moses chose to suffer affliction with the people of God rather than to enjoy what?
- A. The passing pleasures of sin
 - B. The fruits of his labor
 - C. A life of abundance
 - D. The life of an Egyptian prince
38. According to Hebrews 11:26, Moses esteemed the reproach of Christ greater riches than the treasures in what?
- A. Israel
 - B. The Nile
 - C. Egypt
 - D. Sinai
39. According to Hebrews 11:27, by faith Moses forsook Egypt, not fearing what?
- A. The wrath of his accusers
 - B. The retribution of Egypt
 - C. The pursuit of the king's men
 - D. The wrath of the king
40. According to Hebrews 11:27, Moses endured as seeing what?
- A. Him who is gracious
 - B. Him who is spiritual
 - C. Him who is invisible
 - D. Him who is merciful
41. According to Hebrews 11:28, by faith Moses kept what?
- A. The Passover
 - B. The faith
 - C. God's commands
 - D. The precepts
42. According to Hebrews 11:29, by faith the Israelites passed through the Red Sea as by what?
- A. Firm ground
 - B. Dry land
 - C. Open country

D. A secure path

43. According to Hebrews 11:30, by faith the walls of Jericho fell after they were encircled for how many days?

- A. Three
- B. Fourteen
- C. Seven
- D. Two

44. According to Hebrews 11:31, by faith who did not perish with those who did not believe?

- A. Moses
- B. Rahab
- C. Joshua
- D. Caleb

45. According to Hebrews 11:31, Rahab the harlot had received the spies with what?

- A. Gifts
- B. Joy
- C. Spoils
- D. Peace

46. According to Hebrews 11:32, the Hebrew writer says that "time would fail me to tell of" which of the following characters of faith?

- A. Samson, David, Samuel
- B. Gideon, Barak, Jephthah
- C. The prophets
- D. All of the above

47. In Hebrews 11:33-34, which of the following acts of faith was not listed?

- A. Subdued Kingdoms
- B. Stopped the Mouths of Lions
- C. Glorified God
- D. Obtained Promises

48. According to Hebrews 11:35, others were tortured, not accepting what, that they might obtain a better resurrection?

- A. Deliverance
- B. Salvation
- C. Comfort

D. Peace

49. According to Hebrews 11:36, still others had trial of mockings and scourgings, and of what?

- A. Torture and banishment
- B. Chains and imprisonment
- C. Stonings and beheadings
- D. Famine and peril

50. According to Hebrews 11:37, those of faith had what done to them?

- A. Stoned, sawn in two, tempted
- B. Slain with the sword, wandered about in sheepskins and goatskins
- C. Were destitute, afflicted, and tormented
- D. All of the above

51. According to Hebrews 11:38, in which of the following locations did those of faith wander?

- A. In deserts and mountains
- B. In dens and caves of the earth
- B. In wildernesses and at sea
- D. Both A and B

52. According to Hebrews 11:39, all these of faith had obtained a good what?

- A. Promise
- B. Reward
- C. Testimony
- D. Calling

53. According to Hebrews 11:39, those having obtained a good testimony through faith, did not receive what?

- A. The promise
- B. A reward
- C. Thanks
- D. Satisfaction

54. According to Hebrews 11:40, God provided something better for us that the faithful from the past should not be made what apart from us?

- A. Perfect
- B. New
- C. Holy
- D. Righteous

Chapter 12

1. According to Hebrews 12:1, the writer states, in reference to Chapter 11, that they were surrounded by whom?

- A. Holy examples
 - B. Cloud of witnesses
 - C. Great men of faith
 - D. No one
2. According to Hebrews 12:1, what does the writer tell the brethren to lay aside?
- A. Every weight and sin
 - B. Unrighteousness
 - C. Wickedness
 - D. Every unholy thought
3. According to Hebrews 12:1, how are the brethren to run the race that is set before them?
- A. With effort
 - B. With endurance
 - C. With passion
 - D. With practice
4. According to Hebrews 12:2, Jesus is the author and what of our faith?
- A. Finisher
 - B. Keeper
 - C. Tester
 - D. Judge
5. According to Hebrews 12:2, Jesus endured the cross for what?
- A. The honor that was set before Him
 - B. The praise that was set before Him
 - C. The duty that was set before Him
 - D. The joy that was set before Him
6. According to Hebrews 12:2, Jesus despised what while enduring the cross?
- A. The affliction
 - B. The shame
 - C. The burden
 - D. The agony
7. According to Hebrews 12:3, Jesus endured what from sinners against Himself?
- A. Ridicule
 - B. Scorn
 - C. Hostility
 - D. Beatings
8. According to Hebrews 12:3, the writer encouraged the brethren to consider Him who endured hostility from sinners lest they become what?
- A. Weary and discouraged

- B. Weak and downtrodden
- C. Worried and frightened
- D. Worn and beaten

9. According to Hebrews 12:4, in striving against sin, the brethren had not yet resisted to the point of what?

- A. Inconvenience
- B. Hopelessness
- C. Bloodshed
- D. Starvation

10. According to Hebrews 12:5, what exhortation as to sons had the brethren forgotten regarding the chastening of the Lord?

- A. Do not repeat it
- B. Do not add to it
- C. Do not ignore it
- D. Do not despise it

11. According to Hebrews 12:5, the brethren were not to be what when they were rebuked by the Lord?

- A. Double-minded
- B. Discouraged
- C. Destroyed
- D. Defiant

12. According to Hebrews 12:6, whom does the Lord chasten?

- A. Those He loves
- B. Those who stray
- C. Those who complain
- D. Those who are not sons

13. According to Hebrews 12:7, if the brethren endured chastening, God would deal with them as what?

- A. As sinners
- B. As angels
- C. As slaves
- D. As sons

14. According to Hebrews 12:8, if the brethren were without chastening, then they were not sons but were what?

- A. Prodigal

- B. Strangers
- C. Illegitimate
- D. Hired servants

15. According to Hebrews 12:9, what had the brethren paid to their human fathers who corrected them?

- A. Attention
- B. Respect
- C. Wages
- D. Taxes

16. According to Hebrews 12:9, since the brethren paid respect to their human fathers, to whom should they not much more readily have been in subjection?

- A. The governing authorities
- B. The Father of spirits
- C. Their mothers
- D. The elders

17. According to Hebrews 12:10, how had the brethren's fathers corrected them?

- A. With the rod
- B. With heavy hearts
- C. According to the law
- D. As seemed best to them

18. According to Hebrews 12:10, God chastened the brethren for their profit, that they may have been partakers of His what?

- A. Holiness
- B. Blessings
- C. Bread
- D. Cup

19. According to Hebrews 12:11, although chastening is painful for the present, afterward it yields what kind of fruit of righteousness?

- A. Plentiful
- B. Powerful
- C. Profitable
- D. Peaceable

20. According to Hebrews 12:13, the brethren were to make straight paths for their feet so that what was lame may not have been what?

- A. Disrespected

- B. Disinherited
- C. Dislocated
- D. Discarded

21. According to Hebrews 12:14, what two things were the brethren told to pursue with all people?

- A. Peace and love
- B. Peace and harmony
- C. Peace and holiness
- D. Peace and wisdom

22. According to Hebrews 12:14, without holiness, what will no one do?

- A. Be healed
- B. See the Lord
- C. Gain knowledge
- D. Endure chastening

23. According to Hebrews 12:15, the brethren were to look carefully lest what spring up causing trouble and defiling many?

- A. Tares
- B. Seeds of discord
- C. A root of bitterness
- D. The leaven of the Pharisees

24. According to Hebrews 12:16, who was a profane person who for one morsel of food sold his birthright?

- A. Cain
- B. Ham
- C. Ishmael
- D. Esau

25. According to Hebrews 12:17, what happened when Esau wanted to inherit the blessing?

- A. He was restored
- B. He was rejected
- C. He was enslaved
- D. He was imprisoned

26. According to Hebrews 12:18-19, what sound accompanied the voice of words at the mountain that burned with fire?

- A. A mighty wind

- B. Rushing water
- C. A roaring lion
- D. A trumpet

27. According to Hebrews 12:18-19, those who heard the voice from the mountain that burned with fire begged that the word should be what?

- A. Engraved on tablets of stone
- B. Written on their doorposts
- C. Preached to all the world
- D. Spoken to them no more

28. According to Hebrews 12:20, if a beast touched the mountain that burned with fire, it should be what?

- A. Stoned or shot with an arrow
- B. Driven out of the camp
- C. Sacrificed on the altar
- D. Prepared and eaten

29. According to Hebrews 12:21, who said, "I am exceedingly afraid," because the sight of the mountain that burned with fire was so terrifying?

- A. Phinehas
- B. Joshua
- C. Moses
- D. Aaron

30. According to Hebrews 12:22, instead of the mountain that burned with fire, the brethren were now coming to which mountain?

- A. Mount Sinai
- B. Mount Zion
- C. Mount Ararat
- D. Mount of Olives

31. According to Hebrews 12:22, the city of the living God is also called by which of these names?

- A. The heavenly Jericho
- B. The heavenly Nazareth
- C. The heavenly Jerusalem
- D. The heavenly Bethlehem

32. According to Hebrews 12:22, what in the city of the living God is described as innumerable?

- A. Mansions

- B. Angels
- C. Saints
- D. Stars

33. According to Hebrews 12:23, the general assembly and church of what are registered in heaven?

- A. Church of the servant
- B. Church of the prodigal
- C. Church of the adopted
- D. Church of the firstborn

34. According to Hebrews 12:24, what role does Jesus have regarding the new covenant?

- A. Author
- B. Executor
- C. Mediator
- D. Prosecutor

35. According to Hebrews 12:24, the blood of sprinkling speaks better things than whose blood?

- A. Abel's
- B. Abraham's
- C. David's
- D. Jesus'

36. According to Hebrews 12:25, what happened to those who refused Him who spoke on earth?

- A. They did not dwell in the land
- B. They did not escape
- C. They could not see
- D. They did not eat

37. According to Hebrews 12:25, the brethren were told that they should not escape if they turned away from Him who speaks from where?

- A. From the mountain
- B. From the temple
- C. From the throne
- D. From heaven

38. According to Hebrews 12:26, He whose voice had then shaken the earth promised yet once more to shake what?

- A. Only the earth

- B. Only heaven
- C. Both the earth and heaven
- D. Neither the earth nor heaven

39. According to Hebrews 12:27, the things to be shaken and removed are which things?

- A. Things we hold dear
- B. Things we cannot see
- C. Things that are made
- D. Things that cause us to sin

40. According to Hebrews 12:27, after the removal of the things that are being shaken, what will remain?

- A. Things which cannot be shaken
- B. Things which cannot be burned
- C. Things hoped for
- D. Nothing

41. According to Hebrews 12:28, the brethren were to have grace, since they were receiving what, which cannot be shaken?

- A. A kingdom
- B. A covenant
- C. A faith
- D. A hope

42. According to Hebrews 12:28, by grace the brethren may have served God how?

- A. Acceptably
- B. With reverence
- C. With godly fear
- D. All of the above

43. According to Hebrews 12:29, the brethren's God is a consuming what?

- A. Lion
- B. Fire
- C. River
- D. Storm

Chapter 13

1. According to Hebrews 13:1, what were the brethren to let brotherly love do?
 - A. Convert
 - B. Confess
 - C. Consume
 - D. Continue

2. According to Hebrews 13:2, when entertaining strangers, some have unwittingly entertained whom?
 - A. Prophets
 - B. Apostles
 - C. Angels
 - D. Kings

3. According to Hebrews 13:3, the brethren were told to remember the prisoners as if what?
 - A. Chained with them
 - B. Pleading their case
 - C. Guarding them
 - D. Their brothers

4. According to Hebrews 13:4, marriage is honorable among all, and what is undefiled?
 - A. The bed
 - B. The altar
 - C. The bride
 - D. The home

5. According to Hebrews 13:4, marriage is honorable, but God will judge whom?
 - A. Husbands and wives
 - B. Harlots and idolaters
 - C. Fornicators and adulterers
 - D. The unmarried and widows

6. According to Hebrews 13:5, the brethren were told to be what with such things as they had?
 - A. Careful
 - B. Content
 - C. Prodigal
 - D. Possessive

7. According to Hebrews 13:5, the brethren were told that God Himself had said He will never do what to them?

- A. Chasten nor discipline
- B. Judge nor condemn
- C. Leave nor forsake
- D. Tempt nor entice

8. According to Hebrews 13:6, the brethren were told that they could boldly say that the Lord is their what?

- A. Savior
- B. Helper
- C. Keeper
- D. Advocate

9. According to Hebrews 13:7, what were the brethren to do concerning those who ruled over them and had spoken the word of God to them?

- A. Remember them
- B. Follow their faith
- C. Consider the outcome of their conduct
- D. All of the above

10. According to Hebrews 13:8, who is said to be the same yesterday, today, and forever?

- A. The angels
- B. The brethren
- C. Jesus Christ
- D. The high priest

11. According to Hebrews 13:9, it is good that the heart be established by what?

- A. Grace
- B. Works
- C. Blood
- D. Faith

12. Hebrews 13:9 says to not be carried away with various and strange _____.

- A. Garments
- B. Jewels
- C. Fables
- D. Doctrines

13. According to Hebrews 13:10, who had no right to eat from the brethren's altar?

- A. Those who ruled over them
- B. Those who would not work
- C. Those who worshiped idols
- D. Those who served the tabernacle

14. According to Hebrews 13:11, what did the high priest bring into the sanctuary for sin?
- A. Ashes
 - B. Blood
 - C. Incense
 - D. Sacrificed animals
15. According to Hebrews 13:11, where were the bodies of sacrificed animals burned?
- A. In the sanctuary
 - B. In the courtyard
 - C. Outside the camp
 - D. On the brazen altar
16. According to Hebrews 13:12, where did Jesus suffer that He might sanctify the people with His blood?
- A. On the tree
 - B. In the courts
 - C. In the temple
 - D. Outside the gate
17. According to Hebrews 13:14, rather than have a continuing city here, what did the brethren seek?
- A. The city of gold
 - B. The city to come
 - C. The city with walls
 - D. The city of the plains
18. According to Hebrews 13:15, how were the brethren to continually offer the sacrifice of praise to God?
- A. By spreading His word
 - B. By sacrificing animals
 - C. By giving thanks to His name
 - D. By keeping His commandments
19. According to Hebrews 13:16, with what kinds of sacrifices is God well pleased?
- A. The blood of bulls and rams
 - B. Washing feet and serving
 - C. Doing good and sharing
 - D. Those offered by faith

20. According to Hebrews 13:17, what were the brethren to do for those who ruled over them?
- A. Obey them
 - B. Be submissive to them
 - C. Let them rule with joy
 - D. All of the above
21. According to Hebrews 13:18-19, the author of Hebrews urged his readers to pray for him so that what would happen sooner?
- A. He would be restored to them
 - B. The temple would be destroyed
 - C. Bloodshed would end
 - D. The Lord would return
22. According to Hebrews 13:20, the author of Hebrews refers to Jesus as what?
- A. That great Fisher of men
 - B. That great Worker of wonders
 - C. That great Physician to the sick
 - D. That great Shepherd of the sheep
23. According to Hebrews 13:20-21, through what did the author of Hebrews desire that the God of peace make the brethren complete?
- A. The blood of goats and bulls
 - B. Abel's blood that Cain spilled
 - C. The blood shed by many saints
 - D. The blood of the everlasting covenant
24. According to Hebrews 13:21, in what did the author of Hebrews desire that the God of peace make the brethren complete to do His will?
- A. Every good word
 - B. Every good work
 - C. Every good grace
 - D. Every good faith
25. According to Hebrews 13:22, the author appealed to the brethren to bear with the word of what?
- A. Examination
 - B. Explanation
 - C. Exhortation
 - D. Expiation

26. According to Hebrews 13:22, how did the author write this epistle to the brethren?
- A. In few words
 - B. With many words
 - C. With large letters
 - D. In the Hebrew language
27. According to Hebrews 13:23, which brother had been set free?
- A. John Mark
 - B. Barnabas
 - C. Timothy
 - D. Silas
28. According to Hebrews 13:24, the author sends greetings to the brethren from whom?
- A. Those in chains
 - B. Those in Jerusalem
 - C. Those from Italy
 - D. Those from Greece
29. According to Hebrews 13:25, the author closes his epistle with "_____ be with you all. Amen."
- A. Peace
 - B. Grace
 - C. The Lord
 - D. Good fortune